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Life's Mirage.

Sad would the salt waves be
And cold the singing sea,
And dark the gulfs that echo to the seven-stringed lyre,
If things were what they seem,
If earth had no fair dream,
No mirage made to tip the dull sea line with fire.

But on the shores of time,
Hearing the breakers chime,
Falling by day and night along our human sand,
The poet sits and sees,
Borne on the morning breeze,
The phantom islands float a furlong from the land.

Content to know them there,
Hung in the shining air,
He trims no foolish sail to win the hopeless coast.
His vision is enough
To feed his soul with love,
And he who grasps too much may even himself be lost. *Edmund Gosse.*

IF THEY HAD KNOWN.

"So you've come back again, Jerome?" said old Mr. Sewell. "Well, we heard you was thinkin' of returnin' to Elm Mountain. Bad pennies always come back—ha! ha! ha! And you didn't make such a big fortune as you calculated, eh?"

Jerome Clay leaned over the old zig-zag rail fence and rubbed his eyes. Had time stood still all these years while he had been in the South? For here was Farmer Sewell in the same old blue-checked overalls, with the same battered straw hat, the same wrinkles between his brows, driving the same old red cows home through the twilight lane, where the scent of trampled spearmint came up, and the melancholy notes of a distant whip-poor-will sounded faintly on the purple silence.

And yet—and yet it was twenty odd years since he had left Elm Mountain, with all his worldly goods balanced in a bundle on his back. He had been a dashing lad of twenty-one then; there were silver hairs in his black locks, now, and he had left a dead past buried under the sweet magnolia groves. And here was Moses Sewell, just the same as ever, only a trifle yellower and more dried up.

"Yes," Clay said, quietly, "I've come back. And you are right when you say fortunes don't grow on every bush."

"Goin' to your uncle's house?" said Mr. Sewell, leaning over the bars. "He's dead and buried, poor fellow. Always had a weak chest, you know. And the gals ain't no younger—the three old maids we call 'em—ha, ha, ha!"

And again the old farmer chuckled himself into a state of semi-suffocation.

"Come in and see us," said he. "My daughter Aurilla she's come back a widow and does tailorin' and plain sewin'. The old woman's stone deaf but she's dreadful quick at catchin' a person's meaning!"

And off he trudged over the bruised patches of sweet-smelling spearmint, his broad figure vanishing into the gloom like a shadow.

"Three old maids, eh?" repeated Jerome Clay to himself. "Clara and Bess and little Kate, the golden-haired beauty, the soft-eyed poetess, the bright little sprite who was a mixture of Undine and Queen Mab. Then, surely, Father Time has not stood still!"

The light was shining out, as of old, from the red-curtained casement, the great fire of logs was blazing on the hearth, and the three cousins greeted the returned wanderer with unaffected warmth.

They were changed, of course. What else could have been expected? The Beauty had grown sharp and freckled, and her lovely hair had lost its burnish, and she was not quite as tidy as she used to be in the old days about her ribbons and frills. Soft-eyed Bessie's sweet voice had degenerated into a whine; she had grown round-shouldered and lost one of her front teeth; and little Kate was a stout, middle-aged woman, who reminded one of Undine no more.

But they were his cousins still—the girls who had romped and flirted with him in due arithmetical progression. And there still existed a bond of steadfast friendship, and he told them the story of the southern wife who had been buried for five years under the magnolias, and they all sympathized, and Beauty even cried a little.

"I have brought my three children to the North," he said. "I left them in New York, and if I can get some genuine, whole-souled woman to take charge of my home, I'm thinking of settling here in Elm Mountain. Clara, dear, you used to be fond of me in the old times! What do you say to undertaking this charge?"

The Beauty seemed to grow smaller, sharper, more business-like, all in a second. If Cousin Jerome had come home a millionaire, she would have jumped into his arms.

But Clara Neely was not romantically inclined. To her, love in a cottage possessed no charms.

"I couldn't, Jerome," she answered quickly. "I'm not very strong, and I couldn't assume any responsibility of this arduous nature. Besides, I'm not fond of children. I'm greatly obliged to you, I'm sure, but I'd rather not."

Jerome Clay bit his lip.

"Of course," he said, "it is for you to decide. But if Bessie—"

The poetess shrugged her shoulders, and laughed a light, shrill-sounding cachinnation.

"Cousin Jerome," said she, "it's just as well to be frank about these matters. I wouldn't marry a poor man—not if I loved him like Romeo and Juliet. It's bad enough to scrape along as we do here, with only half what one requires to live on decently. But to plunge into poverty, with two or three children belonging to another woman—no, I thank you!"

For time, as may easily be perceived, had eliminated a great deal of the poetical element from Bessie Neely's soul.

The quondam Undine did not wait for the question, as far as she was concerned, but added, promptly, that she quite agreed with her sisters in all these matters.

"It's such a pity you didn't stay here where you were well off, Jerome," said she, in the pitying, patronizing manner which your genuine man most abhors. "Dear pa, you know, always disapproved of your going South. And you might have got the situation of agent to the White Castle place, at eight hundred a year, and cottage found, if you'd only been here on the spot. Pa used to know the old agent, and could have recommended you!"

Jerome smiled.

"White Castle?" said he. "That's the big house on the hill, where we children used to peep at the roses and white grapes through the glass sides of the great green-house. A grand place, as I remember it."

"And the position of agent is most responsible and highly considered," broke in Bessie.

Jerome Clay went away, feeling rather depressed.

It is not the lot of every man to be thrice rejected in one evening.

"They think I am a failure in life," said he, half smiling, half sighing. "Well, perhaps they are not wrong. People's ideas differ."

Aurilla Haven, the old farmer's daughter, had been a wild hoyden of a school girl when Jerome Clay went South. She was a silent, pale woman of three-and-thirty now, who did the "tailoress" work of the neighborhood, and had hard work to get along.

But her dark-brown eyes lighted up when Mr. Clay spoke of his far-off home, and her cheek glowed scarlet when Mr. Sewell chuckled out:

"So the three old maids wouldn't have nothing to say to you? Ha, ha, ha!"

"Do you blame them?" said Jerome.

"Well, no," confessed the old man. "Gals naturally want to better themselves nowadays. If you'd come back with your pockets full of gold, they'd sing a different song you'd see."

Aurilla looked pityingly at Jerome Clay. She, too, had found life a failure, and in her quiet way did all that she could to comfort the tall, quiet man who had hired the spare chamber in her father's house for a few weeks, since his cousins had altogether omitted to invite him to be their guest at the old place.

She was not pretty—never had been—but she had a sweet, oval face, with dark-fringed eyes, and a mild, wistful expression which Jerome Clay liked.

And one day she spoke out what was in her heart.

"Mr. Clay," she said, "I can't help thinking of those poor, little, motherless children of yours. If you will bring them here, I'll take care of them I always liked children, and it shall cost you nothing. Father will let me have the big north bed-room for a nursery, and their board won't signify. They can go to the public school, and I'll make their clothes, if you'll buy the material."

"Aurilla, you are a genuine woman," said Mr. Clay, earnestly. "None of my cousins have spoken to me like this."

"Perhaps—perhaps they didn't think of it!" faltered Aurilla.

"Possibly," drily remarked Mr. Clay. "But, Aurilla," gently detaining her hand, "is it of my children only that you think? Have you no tender, pitying feeling—the sweet sensation that is akin to love, you know—for me? Aurilla, will you become my wife?"

And Aurilla did not refuse!

"Now that you have promised to marry me," said Jerome Clay, "I will tell you all my plans, Aurilla. I have bought a house here—"

"Here, Jerome?"

"Yes, here. Will you come with me to look at it?"

"I will go wherever you wish, Jerome," said the bride-elect in a sort of innocent bewilderment.

Mr. Clay put her into a little carriage at the door, and drove her up the mountain-side, through the huge, stone gateway of White Castle, to the velvet lawns in front of the colonnaded portico, where statues of Ceres and Proserpine stood in dazzling marble on either side, and an antique sun-dial marked the golden footsteps of the God of day.

"It's a beautiful place!" said Aurilla, looking admiringly around. "But why are we stopping here, Jerome?"

"Because, Aurilla," he answered, quietly, "it is our home."

"You mean to tell me, dear," cried the delighted widow, "that you've been fortunate enough to receive the agency? I thought Mr. Wright—"

"Mr Wright is the agent still," said Clay. "What I mean, is that I have bought White Castle and its grounds. This fine old house is to be your home henceforward, Aurilla."

"But, Jerome, I thought you were a poor man?"

"Did I ever tell you so?" he laughingly retorted. "Did I ever tell any one so? If the good people of Elm Mountain chose to believe me a pauper, is it fair to hold me responsible for their rash conclusions? No, Aurilla! In money I am rich—rich beyond my wildest aspirations. But when first I came to Elm Mountain, I believed myself bankrupt, indeed, in the sweet coin of love and human kindness Sweetheart, it is not so with me now. It was your hand that unlocked the gate of happiness to me! It shall be your hand that is to reap the rich reward."

He bent and kissed her forehead tenderly.

"But the children?" she cried.

"The children are with their maternal aunt, at the Windsor hotel, in New York," he answered. "The boy is soon to enter college, the girls are both engaged to be married to southern gentlemen, and after a brief visit here, will return to New Orleans with their aunt. So, my darling, your tender solicitude was not required after all."

Aurilla sighed softly. She had somehow longed for the touch of little children's hands in her own, the sound of small, shrill voices in her ear. But she looked into Jerome's loving eyes, and was satisfied. He loved her—was not that enough?

And the three old maids are sharper, more untidy and shrill-voiced than ever since they have realized the fatal mistake they made in rejecting the overtures of their cousin Jerome.

And a maneuvering, managing creature is the tenderest appellation they apply to Mrs. Jerome Clay. Things would have been so widely different if they had only known!—*Hellen Forrest Graves.*

Thunder-Storms.

The tendency of thunder-storms to follow a comparatively narrow track is one of their most characteristic features. Everybody who has lived in the country knows how these storm giants stalk across hills and valleys, pursuing a course that can be traced almost as easily as that of a tornado, drenching the farms in their path with rain and shattering trees and hayricks with lightning, and leaving adjoining farms untouched. In any broad river valley skirted by hill ranges, affording extensive views, the phenomenon of a passing thunder-storm moving at right angles to the observer's line of sight, can be frequently witnessed in the summer. It is like a distant view of a battle, and when beholding it one can hardly wonder that old Thomas Robinson, in his "Short Treatise of Meteorology," printed upward of two hundred years ago, described a thunder-storm as an actual battle between an army of fire and an army of water. A little of his curious description is worth quoting:

"The Battel by this time growing very hot the Main Bodies engage, and then nothing is to be heard but a Thundering Noise, with continual Flashes of Lightning, and dreadful Showers of Rain, falling down from the broken Clouds. And sometimes random shots flie about, kill both Men and Beasts, fire and throw down Houses, split great Trees and Rocks, and tear the very Earth."

Although the chances of any particular man being killed by lightning are very small, yet the actual number o persons thus killed in a summer is sometimes startlingly large. Fortunately, lightning can be guarded against, and those who do not expose themselves out of doors during a thunder-storm are not in much danger. In large cities, too, with the exception, perhaps, of the suburbs, disastrous accidents from lightning are less frequent than in the country.—*New York Sun.*

They are never alone that are accompanied with noble thoughts.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

The brave man carves out his own fortune.

A life spent worthily should be measured by a nobler line—by deeds, not years.

He is most to blame who breaks the law—no matter under what provocation he act.

Nothing can constitute good breeding that has not good nature for its foundation.

Men are sometimes accused of pride merely because their accusers would be proud themselves if they were in their places.

By rousing himself, by earnestness, by restraint and control, the wise man may make for himself an island which no flood can overwhelm.

Some people are nothing but money, pride and pleasure. These three things engross their thoughts, and take up their whole soul.

Perseverance can sometimes equal genius in its results. There are only two creatures," says the eastern proverb, "which can surmount the pyramids—the eagle and the snail."

The beginning of hardship is like the first taste of bitter food—it seems for a moment unbearable; yet, if there is nothing else to satisfy our hunger, we take another bite and find it possible to go on.

One ought to love society if he wishes to enjoy solitude. It is a social nature that solitude works upon with the most various power. If one is misanthropic, and betakes himself to loneliness that he may get away from hateful things, solitude is silent emptiness to him.

Peace is better than joy. Joy is an uneasy guest, and is always on tip-toe to depart. It tries and wears us out, and yet keeps us ever fearing that the next moment it will be gone. Peace is not so. It comes more quietly, it stays more contentedly, and it never exhausts our strength, nor gives us one anxious, forecasting thought.

GEMS FOR THE MONTHS.

Talismanic Precious Stones—Superstitious Reverence for Jewels.

In more modern times each month has had a gem consecrated to it, and the wearing of a particular precious stone, as a talisman, by a lady born in a given month is supposed to be more than usually fortunate. The system of divining applies only to women and theoretically is infallible. She who is born in January should wear only garnets, which would insure her the friendship and fidelity of her associates and will also render her true to them. Those born in February must wear the amethyst, which will make them sincere with others, and will insure them against poisons and passions and cares. Those whose birthday falls in March will be wise, brave and firm by nature, and will be assisted in these qualities by wearing a blood-stone. The diamond is sacred to April, and will keep her who is born in that month innocent till death, while the lady born in May should wear an emerald, which will be certain to make her a loved and happy wife. Those born in June should wear an agate to bring them health, wealth, peace of mind and long life, while the ruby clears away the doubts, anxieties and pangs of love for those born in July. The sardonyx is for those born in August; with it as a finger ring, they are absolutely certain to gain husbands and happiness; without it they are bound to live alone, and to die unwept, unhonored and unsung. The sapphire is good to prevent or cure insanity, and is especially beneficial to those born in September, while the topaz, an emblem of friendship and love, is dear to those who first saw the light in November, and the turquoise, the emblem of success, must be worn by those whose birthday comes in December. The superstitious reverence with which jewels are often regarded also appears in the habit almost universal in the East of naming the more valuable stones. The Kohinoor and the Kohitoor are examples too well-known to need more than mention, but there are scores of others. The treasuries of the East from the earliest time have abounded with diamonds, variously known according to their beauty. There were the Sea of Fire, the River of Light and the Son of God, the Eye of God and the Star of Gabriel, the Ocean of Love and the Mountain of Beauty, the Delight of Women, the Pleasure of the King, the Delight of the Eyes and the Pride of the Treasury, stones were often the Gift of Allah, the Angel of the Mountain, the Boast of the River, the Soul of the Queen and the Star of the Ocean. Nor were diamonds alone in being named, since other equally favored in this way, and the superstitious reverence felt for them is quite clearly manifest.—*Globe-Democrat.*

A CHINESE DINNER.

The Picturesque Banquet in a Mandarin's Household.

Our party of five English guests, met in G.'s office, and proceeded in Indian file, each in his sedan chair threading our way through narrow streets dimly lit with Chinese lanterns, says a writer in the Pall Mall Gazette descibing a Chinese dinner. We stopped in a narrow lane on the outskirts of the town, entered a shabby-looking doorway and mounted a ladder-like staircase. This led into a suite of rooms, where I found myself wishing for Argus' eyes to take in the hundred new aspects. They were not large or gorgeous, like Sidonia's apartments in Holywell street, but quaint and curiously furnished. A long table of black lacquer, and square-cut chairs with marble blocks down either side, at the end a smoking divan with embroidered silk hangings. This was the ante-room. Two doorways led from it into the dining room, and in the space between them was a sort of kaleidoscope pattern of a colored glass, below which were rich hangings, with grotesque dragons in gold thread sprawling over a crimson silk ground. Over the doorway was open arabesque work of ebony, and beyond the dining-room was a veranda with orange trees and creepers. While we were being introduced, tea was served in Chinese fashion—an inverted saucer is dropped into the cup to keep down the tea leaves (teapots are unknown in China,) and you sip, or, if you are a novice like myself, you spill, the fluid that finds its way between the two. Then we went to dinner, a party of twelve. On my right was an old merchant, sagacious and humorous, to judge by his looks and what I could make out of his broken English. On my left was a young half-caste, educated in the government school here—fluent, sallow and conceited, Chairs, knives and forks had been provided for the English guests, but we soon discarded the chairs for the comfortable lounges on which our hosts were seated, and also took to chopsticks, with the occasional assistance of a spoon. Those chopsticks were a perfect godsend, and I never should have survived without their help. But I must explain. The dinner which consisted of some thirty courses, was all served in teacups. Cup followed cup, each filled with some kind of mince, some in broth and some dry, but all satisfying as raspberry vinegar. Now the chopsticks allowed us to taste each one in succesion, and though we were not skilled enough to consume all we might have liked of the few good, we could toy with the many nasty ones and leave them without giving offense. The bird's nest soup with which we began was negative—a sort of stringy arrowroot; but the shark's fin and fishes maw stewed with ham were as rank as conger eel. Quail, partridge and lobster are good all the world over, and the bamboo shoots and wood fungus with which they were served were no bad substitute for asparagus and mushrooms. But the stewed seaweed and sinews of the deer? Had it not been for the excellent dry champagne, I must have succumbed. The last course was exquisite, and brought back memories of the "Arabian Nights"—honey cakes, earth nuts and stewed lotus seeds in syrup. Dinner over, we lit cigars, and strains of music were heard from the next room. Two young girls, one of them dressed as a boy, sang alternately, accompanying themselves on a sort of zither, played, however, not with the thumb, but a mallet or rather a minute halberd. My young Chinaman apologized for what he called our national caterwauling; but, though the notes were thin and shrill, yet instrument and voice went so well together, and the air was so natively plaintive, that I listened with pleasure. There was an opium pipe in the divan, and our host, though not a smoker himself, offered to have a pipe prepared for me. The servant brought a small pellet of opium, which he held over a flame till it boiled up to a big bubble. It was then put all hot into the bowl, and I gave as instructed a succession of short, quick pulls. In a minute it was out, leaving a sweet, sickly taste in my mouth, but producing no effect, pleasant or otherwise, on my nerves. Regular smokers swallow the smoke, and no doubt that makes a difference.

Taking His Father's Advice.

An Arkansaw boy, writing from college in reply to his father's letter, said: "So you think that I am wasting my time in writing little stories for the local papers, and cite Johnson's saying that the man who writes except for money is a fool. I shall act upon Dr. Johnson's suggestion and write for money. Send me fifty dollars."—*Arkansaw Traveller.*

WHY HEARTS BREAK.

A Physician's Matter-of-Fact Solution of the Vexing Problem.

"A healthy man or woman does not die of a broken heart," a well-known physician said. "A healthy heart is only big muscle, and nobody can have grief enough to break it. When, therefore, a blooming young widow shows apparently inconceivable grief at the death of her husband, and in a short time recovers her equanimity, she ought not to be accused of hypocrisy. Neither may it be concluded that another woman who soon pines and dies has had more affection for her husband than the first. The first widow may have even more affection than the other, but have been sustained by physical health.

"It is erroneous to suppose that death by heart disease is always sudden. It is very commonly protracted for years, and exists undetected by most skillful physicians only to be developed by some sudden occurrence. There was an eminent physician of Brooklyn, in active practice, who died within an hour of the time when he was about to lecture. He was so well, that after examination by skillful physicians of a first-class insurance company, he was declared perfectly sound, and a policy for $10,000 insurance on his life reached his home before his body was cold. The cause of death was a mystery until the post-mortem examination, by Dr. John G. Johnson, of Brooklyn, showed that a little piece of chalky deposit in the heart had become loosened and formed an embolism. The man had simply taken some specimens out of his desk, and he died in his chair without any excitement or undue effort. Any little excitement might have done it, and then his death would have been cited as that from broken heart.

"So-called deaths from broken hearts may be frequently traced in this way. One exertion as well as another may furnish the requisite culmination. Medical books are filled with instances of death by heart disease during the performance of pleasurable functions. When a man is nearly dead it is easy to put on him the finishing stroke, but it is inaccurate to give the finishing touch all the blame of his death. When a woman loses her husband, or a girl loses her lover, and by nervous exhaustion, loss of sleep, lack of nourishment, and grief, weakens the action of her heart, she is said to die of a broken heart, but she has, in fact died of a very ordinary disease.

"The case of Bill Poole, living for ten days with a ball in his heart, is often spoken of as remarkable, but Dr. Flint records a case where a man had a ball in his heart twenty years, and finally died of pneumonia. Both these men had healthy hearts, and could not have had them broken by grief. Yet, in fact, more women than men die of heart disease. Out of sixty-one observed cases, thirty-seven were males. Another record showed that in sixty-two cases of rupture of the heart, there was fatty degeneration existing. In other words, where fat is substituted for muscle, the organ is easily broken. If any of these people had been subjected to sudden grief, they might have furnished illustrations of heart-breaking. One medical observer records one hundred cases of rupture of the heart where there was no grief to account for it. In fact, grief is a very rare cause of heart-breaking.

"Disease is the real cause of heart-breaking, and the various kinds of disease which leads to it are so many that volumes would be necessary to describe them. The cause of these diseases are manifold, and are very much under the control of the individual. There are, of course, hereditary tendencies to heart disease; but aside from traumatic causes, these tendencies may exist for years without fatal result.

"It is a curious fact that the least dangerous heart disease often creates the most apprehensions. Frequently patients who have only a functional or curable disorder will not be persuaded that calamity does not impend, although there may be no real danger. On the other hand, organic disease may exist unsuspected. There are sympathetic relations between the mind and the heart, and disorders of the heart are frequently traceable to mental excitement, either pleasurable or painful. Quick beating of the heart is no certain symptom of danger. It has been demonstrated that the pulse may safely range from 100 to 140 per minute for many years.—*Alta California.*

Fruit may be ripened by the electric light, but it is said that it is unpalatable. Strawberries grown in this way last year under the direction of Professor Siemens were worthless. Some melons ripened were of such poor quality that to render them eatable they would need to be strongly flavored with condiments.

The Dude.

"What is the dude, papa?" she said,
With sweet and inquiring eyes;
And to the knowledge-seeking maid
Her daddy thus replies:

A weak mustache, a cigarette,
A thirteen-button vest,
A curled-rim hat—a minaret—
Two watch chains across the breast.

A pair of bags, a lazy drawl,
A lack-a-daisy air,
For gossip at the club or ball
Some little "past affair."

Two pointed shoes, two spindle shanks
Complete the nether charms,
And follow fitly in the ranks,
The two bow-legged arms.

An empty head, a buffoon's sense,
A posing attitude;
"By Jove!" "Egad!" "But aw!" "Immense!"
All these make up the dude.
—*Philadelphia Press.*

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

The barber is a man of many scrapes.

If love is blind, the girls go to a great deal of trouble in fixing up their hair when they expect their beaux.

Hens may be a little backward on eggs; but they never fail to come to the scratch where flower-beds are concerned.

The doctor who says it is unhealthy to sleep in feather is mistaken; look at the spring chicken and see how tough he is.

A fond father boasted that his son would make a great sculptor, because he chisseled his playmates out of their playthings.

A disappointed tradesman says he wishes he was a rumor, because a rumor soon gains currency, which he is unable to do.

The condor of the Andes is said to kill its prey with its bill, and the high-toned milliners are trying the same game on the married man.

Dr. Armitage says, "Man should always be graceful." Did the doctor ever have on a new suit and try to get out of the way of a watering-cart? Guess not.

"Yes," she said to the gorgeous youth who was her devoted slave, "I keep this gilded new five-cent piece in my pocket, and I never see it without thinking of you.

"Doctor," asked Z. of a witty physician, "why do you and your brethren never go to funerals?" "Because we should have the air of taking our work home."

When you see a man sit down in a barber's chair, pin the newspaper around his neck and begin to read the towel, you may put him down as absent-minded.

Origin of Thirteen at Table.

Says the Milwaukee *Evening Wisconsin*: There seems to be a universal and widespread superstition against thirteen persons sitting down at table together. Indeed, so prevalent and strong is this feeling, that a hostess arranging for guests is sure to provide against the contingency and eschew, if possible, the fatal number. We have known ladies to rise panic stricken from a table where the number was inadvertently discovered, and the omen is popularly believed to denote either trouble, sorrow or death. Few, if any, seem to know the origin of this strange and mystic superstition, which dates far back to the earliest ages of Christianity. When good King Arthur of Britain, founded his famous round table, he secured the services of the enchanter, Merlin, to devise and arrange the seats. This famous sorcerer accordingly arranged among others thirteen seats to represent the Apostles, twelve for the faithful adherents of our Lord and the thirteenth for the traitor Judas. The first were never occupied save by knights distinguished above all others for their valor and prowess, and in the event of a death occurring among them the seat remained vacant until a knight surpassing in daring and heroic attainments his predecessor should be deemed worthy to fill the place. If an unworthy or effeminate knight laid claim to the seat he was repelled by some secret or hidden spell cast by the powerful magician. The thirteenth seat was never occupied save upon one occasion, as it is said, by a haughty and overbearing Saracen knight, who, placing himself in the fatal seat, was instantly rewarded for his presumption by the earth opening and swallowing him up. It afterward bore the name of the "perilous seat," and among all the adventurous knights of King Arthur's court none were so foolhardy as to risk their lives on the enchanted spot. And now, after 1300 years, the spell of the magician Merlin still survives, and in this nineteenth century the thirteenth seat at the table is as greatly dreaded as in the days of the knights of the famous round table.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's

Rev. B. Hengst will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1½p. M.—Rev. C. F. Gephart, Supt

Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday afternoon.

Mite society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Regular preaching next Sunday morning.

Sunday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

Sunday School at 9½ A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.

The Aaronsburg Bible Class meets every Saturday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

W. HAUPTMAN, Sec. E. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZIEGLER, Sec. T. G. RICHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Pres't.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.		NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte	N. W.	J. M. Keichline,	Bellefonte
"	S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
"	W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard	boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg	"	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim	"	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Phillipsburg	1 W.	C. G. Herlinger,	Philipsburg
"	2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
"	3 W.	A. Y. Carpenter,	"
Unionville	boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Beaver	twp.	Wm. Ishler,	Bellefonte
Boggs	"	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside	"	Henry Meeker,	Pine Glenn
College	"	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin	"	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson	O. P.	J. T. McCormick,	State College
"	N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg	S. P.	John Coldron	Spring Mills
"	N. P.	Wm. Lucas,	Farmers' Mills
Haines	E. P.	I. S. Stover,	Woodward
"	W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	twp.	J. H. Griffin,	Stormstown
Harris	"	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard	"	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston	"	John L. Miles,	Zellan
Liberty	"	James P. Linn,	Blanchard
Marion	"	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles	"	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton	"	Agnew Sellers, Jr	Pilmore
Penn	"	P. H. Stover,	Coburn
Potter	N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
"	S. P.	Samuel Slack	Tusseyville
Rush	N. P.	William Cullen,	Philipsburg
"	S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring	"	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor	"	Henburn Blowers,	Fowler
Union	"	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker	"	Jos. Emerick,	Hublersburg
Worth	"	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE, Chairman.

W. MILES WALKER, Secretary.

Judge Sharswood died at his home in Philadelphia, Monday the 28th of May. in the seventy-third year of his age. He was one of the eminent jurists of the state and filled a number of public offices with much honor and credit. At the age of seventy-six he was elected to the state legislature. In 1845 Gov. Shunk appointed him judge of one of the courts in Philadelphia. In 1850 he was chosen Professor of Law in the University of Pennsylvania, and in 1851 he was again elected judge in Philadelphia, which position he ably filled until 1867, when he was elected to the Supreme Judgeship over Judge Williams. In 1878 he succeeded Agnew to the chief justiceship. His term expired last December.

The peaceful cornation of Alexander III, Czar of all the Russias, is certainly a matter of congratulation for the whole civilized world. It is well that there was no assassination, no tragedy or even accident of any kind. The coronation itself with all its georgeous dazzle and vast expense can hardly be dignified as an *event* in history. It is merely an incident of the European system of government, and does not even invest Alexander with any new dignity or powers. He was as much the ruler of a vast empire before he was crowned as since. To the American idea the brilliant display of Oriental splendor and vast outlay of public treasure simply to crown a chief ruler in whose selection the millions of governed subjects have no choice whatever, is nothing but a hollow mockery of the inherent, God-given rights of man. And yet it affords a proper occasion for study and comparison with our own plain and solid republican system, where the people chose their own rulers, where the voice of the people is the voice of God, and where every law-abiding, virtuous citizen is a *nobleman*.

The Memphis *Avalanche*, noticing Hancock's recent call upon the President, remarks, that "his next call will be at the White House, March 4, 1885, when he will proceed to deliver his inaugural address."

Educational Institutions in Central Pennsylvania.

It is in fact worthy of more than a passing notice that the five adjoining counties of Snyder, Union, Lycoming, Clinton and Centre, in central Pennsylvania, maintain a number of educational institutions of high grade and character, such as can hardly be found in any contiguous territory of equal extent and population in the state—perhaps not even in any of our neighboring states.

Beginning with the Missionary Institute at Selinsgrove we have a school that in many places would be classed as a college. It has its female, literary and scientific, and theological departments, all well manned by able, experienced instructors. In the twenty-fifth year of its existence it has accomplished a vast amount of good. It has educated and sent out a hundred ministers of the gospel, all but a few of whom are now engaged in active work. The Institute is under the control of Lutherans.

Passing up Penns Creek only ten miles we come to the truly beautiful town of New Berlin, the seat of Union Seminary. This Institution is operated by the Evangelical Association, and owes its existence, more than to any other one man, to the venerable Rev. W. W. Orwig, probably the earliest and certainly the ablest advocate of institutions of learning in that denomination. Union Seminary has had its trials, difficulties and embarrassments, but seems to have outlived them all, and has entered upon an unprecedented career of prosperity and usefulness. A few years ago it added a theological department and has already sent out several promising young men into the ministry. Rev. A. E. Gobble, A. M., a native Penns Valley boy, is the efficient principal.

Lewisburg is proud of her University and indeed has good reason to be. The large and substantial buildings stand on a considerable hill south of town and present an imposing appearance. Going through *Professorville*, as the cluster of professors' residences close by is locally called, seems like passing through enchanted ground. The unique but beautiful dwellings, the large and well-kept lawns, the fine Arbor Vitae enclosures, rare shrubbery and flowers, all combine to make this a most exceptionally delightful spot. The University is now amply endowed and well manned. Within the last year the endowment fund has been augmented by the addition of $100,000. The professors are men eminent in literature and science. Altogether the University at Lewisburg seems to have a grand future before it. The Baptist church has it in charge.

The Methodists have a popular and flourishing school at Williamsport. Although called The Williamsport Dickinson Seminary it is really a college in all but name. For many years it has enjoyed a high reputation and liberal support. Of its special features we are not informed, excepting that it has a very prosperous commercial department in operation.

The Central State Normal School is situated at Lock Haven. The site of the building is most advantageous and picturesque—on a high hill just west of the young and thriving city, overlooking the beautiful river that here emerges from the mountains, the town, and the romantic scenery beyond. The building is large, well arranged, and of architectural beauty and harmony, externally. It is an ornament that any town might well be proud of, independent of its noble design.

The Central is yet comparatively a young school but already enjoys a reputation perhaps second to none of its class in the state. Prof. A. N. Raub, the efficient principal, as well as his able assistants, are men well and favorably known in educational circles. The teachers who annually graduate from the Central are generally well qualified and greatly successful in the profession. The school has already done noble work in the cause of popular education, and is destined to achieve still greater and nobler results.

State College is situated within the borders of our own far-famed Centre county. Its utilarian design and comprehensive scope should commend it to every citizen, and especially every farmer, in the commonwealth. Its checkered history and ofttimes bad management, are no substantial arguments for its abatement. State College and its noble projectors—among whom our own lamented McAllister stands preeminent—have suffered much unreasonable opposition. Time has however somewhat softened the early prejudices against the college, and it will yet emerge from its *probationary* state and enter upon a brilliant career of prosperity and usefulness, as other similar institutions in Europe have done before. Its buildings are large, massive and substantial; its endowment fair, its grounds ample, and its rural location all that could be desired.

Under the present management the college is reasonably successful, although not patronized as it deserves, nor as it will be in the *future*.

There are other institutions of learning in the district named, of minor grade and yet entirely worthy of honorable mention in this connection. Among these Freeburg Academy, Freeburg Musical College, the Normal School at Muncy, the Bellefonte and Spring Mills Academies, are all most excellent schools of their respective classes.

THE IRON SITUATION.

A Conference at Pittsburg Prevents a Strike.

PITTSBURG, May 31.—A conference of the iron manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association committee this afternoon resulted in the manufacturers signing last year's scale which is $8.50 per ton for puddling. This action happily avoids a strike and insures the running of all the mills in the west for at least one year longer. The manufacturers who have all along persisted that they would not pay more than $8, and who were supposed to have a solid front, gives as a reason for the unexpected action that they had positive information that a number of the western mills had made arrangements to continue at the old scale with the condition that if the manufacturers here were successful the workmen would accept the same wages, and rather than submit to seeing their trade going to other places they decided to pay the wages demanded by the Amalgamated Association. President Jarrett says the scale is signed unconditionally, and characterizes it as "a victory without a battle." Intense satisfaction is expressed on all sides over the settlement as a strike was regarded as inevitable, and to Pittsburg an indefinite shutting down of iron mills means not only a serious loss to those engaged in that particular industry but to every other industry and business as well.

The threatened iron strike in the Pittsburg district has been fortunately averted and the cloud that hung so threateningly over the business of the country is lifted. The scale of wages has been signed and the work goes on, not only in the Pittsburg region but also at Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Youngstown and other places. There is great reason to rejoice over the happy turn of affairs.

THE YORK *Age* suggests the name of Captain W. Hayes Grier, editor of the Columbia *Herald*, for nomination as the democratic candidate for auditor general. Captain Grier is a deserving man and will go into the convention with the support of many warm and devoted friends.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE HORROR.

A terrible accident occured on the Brooklyn Bridge at half past four o'clock on Wednesday. The bridge was crowded to its utmost capacity. On the platform at the New York tower the jam became so great that many persons fainted. A cry of distress was raised and a dreadful struggle between the panic stricken crowds coming in east and west. A number were, it is reported, crushed to death. In the end the crowd coming from the Brooklyn side prevailed and rushed toward the New York anchorage, trampling down everything in its way. Men, women and children were trodden under foot, and falling down the steps leading to the tower platform, were buried under a mass of struggling humanity many feet high. As soon as the news of the disaster was conveyed to the New York station by the onset of the panic stricken crowd, the police were called and the bridge was closed.

The work of removing the crushed and wounded then began. A number were taken to the City Hall police station, and others to the Chambers street hospital.

Willing hands tore away the iron railing dividing the footway from the railroad track on both sides, and dragged those who were near the crush through the opening. Along the iron fences on the footway, on the railroad track, and on the carriage-way on both sides of the bridge, the dead and wounded were laid. More than half a score were dead when extricated. Others were more or less terribly injured. They laid six or eight or ten deep, those in the lower tier being dead. The clothes were torn from the bodies of more than one in the attempt to get them out. Five women, all dead and trampled into an unshapely mass, were taken from the bottom of the heap.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Thomas Wolfe, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, at Wolfe's Store, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1883,

The following described valuable REAL ESTATE, viz:

No. 1. All those several tracts or pieces of land situate in Miles township, Centre Co., Pa., and bounded and described as follows: One thereof bounded on the east by lands of Henry Wolfe, Em'l Geiswite and others, south by lands of John Stoner, west by lands of Reuben Kreamer and others, and north by lands of Daniel Wolfe, containing 23 acres, more or less, thereon erected two dwelling houses, store house, ware house, stables and other outbuildings.

No. 2. All the right, title and interest in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining land of Benjamin Beck, George Weaver, Moyer and Strohecker and Henry Corman, containing 29 acres and 107 perches.

No. 3. All that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of the late Jacob Wolf and John Scholl, containing 10 acres and 5 perches and allowance.

No. 4. All the right, title and interest in that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Brungard, Michael Bower, —— DeLong and Martin Rudy, containing 136 acres, more or less.

TERMS: One third of purchase money on confirmation of sale, one third in one year and the balance in one year thereafter. Defered payments to bear interest from confirmation of sale, and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., sharp.

J. R. WOLFE, Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Philip Stover, late of the borough of Millheim, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly proved for settlement.

J. W. STOVER, Executo

Millheim, June 7th, 1883.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.	9 P. M
Montandon	7.05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10.05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7.30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Millinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55		
			le. 3.05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wilker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.04		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.	10
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6.18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wilker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.20		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
			A. M.		
Millinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8.20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Japanese Crepe.

In order to introduce our Japanese Crepe goods we will send postpaid to any address on receipt of fifty cents, or 17 three-cent stamps, the following: 1 window banner, size 13 by 24 inches, with rich color and deep border; 1 tidy, size 8 by 11 inches, very handsome; 1 lamp mat 27 inches in circumference, perfectly lovely; 1 wall screen, large and handsome. Address E. Florence & Co., P. O. box 1863, South Bend, Indiana.

FARMERS!

If you want free sample copies of the largest and best agricultural paper in the country write yours and your neighbors' names on a postal card and mail it to *Farmers' Friend Pub. Co., South Bend, Ind.* Price 50 cents a year and Premiums to every subscriber.

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a positive cure for Nervousness, Dizziness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Neuralgia, Insanity, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Impotency, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

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The celebrated Nerve and Brain Pills of Dr. E. C. West are sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail prepaid on receipt of 25 cents. Unsurpassed for Children.

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New Clipper Mower.

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Parlor Suites, Chamber Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Tables, Stands, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Springs of every description, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses. We make a specialty of Hair Mattresses, and guarantee a better Mattress for less money than can be purchased elsewhere. Sofas, Lounges, Cradles, Hall Stands, Centre Tables, Easy Chairs, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Mirrors, Frames, —What-Nots, Etc., Etc.,—

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BODY BRUSSELS, a fine line at low prices.

MOQUETTS, Smith's best, at $1.50—worth $2.00.

ROXBURY TAPESTRIES at $1.00; sold nowhere else for less than $1.25

LOWELL and other standard makes of extra super, at 75c. to 90c.

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A large line of Velvet, Smyrna, Turkish and other Rugs in novel and beautiful designs.

Also many other grades of standard carpets.

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We have a fine stock in this department. We wish to close out and offer extra inducements to purchasers.

We invite the attention of every purchaser to the inducements we offer.

We handle goods in the largest quantities

We are willing to sell at small margin.

the goods we handle are regular.

Correspondence and mail orders especially solicited.

J. R. SMITH & CO.,

110, 112, 114 Front street, Milton, Pa.

Spring Announcement!

The undersigned hereby informs the Ladies of Millheim and vicinity that she has just received from the eastern cities a large assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats and Bonnets, the following varieties:

Loop Edge Straw,

Fine Milan Straw,

English and American Chip,

Canton and Porcupine Straw,

Lake Queen,

Leghorn,

Trimmings, an endless stock of

Fine Velvet,

Satin Ribbons,

Velvet and Ottoman Ribbons,

Ottoman and Faillotine Silks,

Splendid Stock of

Feathers and Flowers.

My stock of goods is more complete this season than heretofore and shall aim to please my customers in *STYLE, PRICE* and *QUALITY*. A call at my shop will at once convince you.

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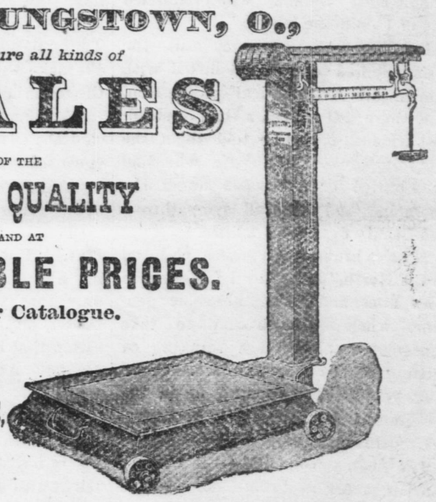


The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—H. H. Tomlinson is off to New York.

—Seventy-two soldiers are burried in the Lewisburg Cemetery.

—Col. Slifer, of Lewisburg, is down with a severe spell of sicknes.

—Barber Springer had a spell of sickness but we are glad to see him out again.

—It is said that the potato bugs are just as voracious, unprincipled and mean as ever.

—R. F. Vonada called on Monday bright and early. He reports business lively at Coburn.

—Mr. Wm. Miller's condition is not improving. At the time of going to press he is very sick.

—Senator Reyburn, of Philadelphia, bought a horse form Gabriel Stein, in Buffalo Valley, for $500.

—Dr. J. F. Harter & lady left for Altoona yesterday, where they expect to put in a few weeks visiting.

—The June meeting of the Millheim Building & Loan Association takes places next Monday evening.

—D. W. Zeigler is putting a new front into his saddler shop which helps the looks of things very much.

—Commencement exercises begin at New Berlin to-morrow and will continue until Wednesday evening the 13th.

—Uncle Billly Crotzer, of Mifflinburg, is here again visiting friends. He makes his headquarters with Dr. Gutelius.

—M. S. Fiedler bought the farm of George Harter, deceased, for the gross sum of $12,000. It is one of the best farms in Penn township.

—The Brush Valley Cornet Band paid Millheim a visit on Saturday and discoursed some excellent music. Come again, boys—come often.

—Mr. B. F. Kister, of the Milton *Economist*, made us a short call on Tuesday. He reports matters brisk at Milton and the *Economist* flourishing.

—A very large number of people were in town on Saturday. We did not see as many "rigs" here this long time. The beautiful weather helped to do it.

—On Saturday J. W. Snook, H. M. Swartz and Wm. H. Smith bought the old Swartz farm adjoining town. It is big enough to give each a good sized slice.

—The Lutheran Ladies' Mite Society have concluded to hold an ice cream festival on the afternoon and evening of July 4th. Posters giving particulars will be circulated in a few days.

—Mr. J. W. Stoyer, executor of the late Philip Stover, deceased, will sell the personal effects of decedent at the residence of J. W. Snook, Millheim, on Saturday June 16th at 2 o'clock, P. M.

—We learn through a private source that Mr. John Zeigler, residing near Jacksonville, and for many years a citizen of Haines township, departed this life on Tuesday. He was in failing health for some time,

—R. F. VONADA, of Coburn, has the agency for the sale of first class iron and galvanized water pipes. Parties furnished with any desired size pipe, either plain iron or galvanized, at the most reasonable terms. tf

—Elias Luse deserves a monument after his death, and we hope it will be a good one. He went to works of his own accord and at his own expense and made a good substantial gate at the cemetery entrance. Bravo.

—The Millheim Marble works have just received a lot of fine monuments and headstones. Some of the later designs are very beautiful and yet moderate in price. The proprietors labor to serve their patrons with the best work and at the lowest prices.

—We learn that memorial Day was properly celebrated both at Rebersburg and Madisonburg, but as to the details of the solemn festivities we have not been informed, excepting that Rev. A. K. Zimmerman and Rev. W. M. Landis delivered very appropriate addresses.

—On Monday Mrs. T. R. Stam left for West Union, Iowa, where her husband is engaged in business. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. D. A. Musser. Of course Mrs. Stam expects to stay, while Mrs. Musser will also visit other parts in the west before her return.

—J. A. LIMBERT will carry express and freight goods from Coburn to any point along the route at the following rates: All packages weighing less than 100 pounds, to Millheim, 10 cts., to Aaronsburg, 15 cts., to Woodward, 25 cts. For packages weighing over 100 pounds a proportionate charge will be made.

—Mifflinburg had a bad fire scare the other Friday, and the *Telegraph* thinks just made a close escape from a general conflagration. Brother Schoch reads the council a well-deserved lecture for allowing blacksmith shops to be built in alleys close by stables and sheds, for it was from the sparks of such a shop that the fire originated.

☞CLOSING OUT AT COST.—Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats, Carpets, Notions, Hardware, Canned Fruit, Stone Crockery, Lubricating Oil, and a large variety of general merchandise, all at closing out prices. Come and get big bargains. Produce taken in exchange. tf J. W. STAM

—The other day John S. Fisher brought a very fine *Timken* carriage to town. It is a beauty in style and make and rides very easy. Persons in need of any thing in that line, whether carriage, buggy, sulkey or spring wagon, will do well to call at Mr. Fisher's establishment, one mile west of Rebersburg, and examine his work.

—The Logansville correspondent of the Clinton *Democrat* of last week says:

Prof. James Bright, of Baltimore, arrived at this place on Sunday to spend a few days with his mother, Mrs. L. Conser, before departing for Europe.

Prof. Bright, is a native Aaronsburg boy, a son of Samuel Bright, deceased, and brother to Dr. John W. Bright, of Rebersburg.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—We wish to inform the farmers of Penn's and adjoining valleys that we are prepared to repair all kinds of farm machinery, such as Reapers, Mower, &c., on short notice. Having competent workmen in our employ we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who will entrust their work to us.

S. K. SANKEY & CO.,
Foote's old stand, MILLHEIM, PA

—A number of our citizens had their houses and business places beautifully decorated with flags on memorial day, but landlord Frain, of the National Hotel, took the prenium in that line. The entire front of the National was richly and tastefully decked with flags and festoons of evergreen, and in the evening it was beautifully illuminated with a profusion of chinese lanterns. Crowds of people lined the street to admire the truly fine sight.

—On Monday Abs. Harter, G. W. Harter and A. R. Alexander and wife left on a tour to Virginia. Their business is to "spy out the land." Abs expects to make his expenses by auctioneering sales, Reed thinks of teaching *singen skule* among the juvenile darkies down there, Mrs. Reed is to do the cooking and dish washing for her share, and Wash—well he is so little and will likely slip through at half price. Good luck to the party.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

—Fine Family Bibles;
Presentation Bibles,
Teachers' Bibles,
Pocket Bibles,
S. S. Bibles,
Photograph Albums,
Autograph Albums,
Fine Stationery,
All kinks of,
Writing Paper & Envelopes,
Blank Books of
Every Description,
School Books, and a general line of Stationer's Goods—at the JOURNAL STORE. tf

—On Tuesday and Wednesday evenings Dr. W. O. Perkins took charge of the final rehearsals of the Meyer Philharmonic Society at Aaronsburg, for the great Jubilee at Selinsgrove, next week. The large audiences very much admired the Doctor's successful and unexcelled manner of conducting a class of singers. He complimented the society as being the best drilled and prepared class he has yet found on his tour of inspection. This of course is mainly due to the hard and faithful work of their able conductor, Prof. Wm. T. Meyer under whose instructions our singers could not help but learn the many difficult choruses well and acquit themselves creditably.

NO CANDIDATE.—As will be seen by the card below Major Fisher declines being the candidate for Associate Judge, much to the regret of his many friends here:

Penn Hall, June 2, 1883.

Edtiors Journal:—

My name having been suggested in a communication to your paper of last week for the office of Associate Judge, I desire to say to my friends that they have my heartfelt thanks for their good wishes, but that my business engagements are such that I could not accept the position in justice to myself, even if voluntarily tendered by my fellow citizens.

Very Respectfully,
J. B. FISHER.

St. Elmo Hotel,

Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

—Millheim had a very creditable impromptu decoration on Memorial day. It was all gotten up on the day without previous notice or arrangement of any kind. At seven o'clock in the evening a large number of people, headed by the Cornet Band proceeded to the cemetery. The band played one of its beautiful plaintive marches, during which the graves of the two departed soldiers—Solomon Ritter and Charles H. Held—where profusely strewn with flowers. Able and impressive addresses were delivered by Rev. J. G. W. Herald and Rev. B. Hengst. The speeches were full of love for the cause for which our patriot dead fought and suffered, full of tender sympathies for the surviving families of the departed soldiers, and full of instruction to the young of the present day, who enjoy the full measure of liberty for which others have bled and died.

The addresses were of a high order, and when the people dispersed they took with them some solemn thoughts and impressions.

THE GREAT MUSICAL JUBILLEE AT SELINSGROVE.—All the arrangements for the grand Musical Jubilee to be held at Selinsgrove, June 12th, 13th, 14th, & 15th, are now completed. A Chorus of six hundred voices has been organized, with fair prospects of swelling the number to eight hundred, under the eminent leadership of Dr. W. O. Perkins of New York.—The following special Artists have been engaged: Prof. Walter Emerson, the Prince of Cornetists, will be present on Tuesday and Wednesday, day and evening. Prof. Distin of Philadelphia, formerly of London, England, will be in attendance on Thursday and will astonish the audience with his Cornet with seven Altos, playing the four parts at one and the same time. Helen E. H. Carter, Mrs. Knowles, and Mrs. Fenderson, leading Soprano and Alto Artists, present all week. Mrs. Shephard of Boston, and Prof. W. T. Meyer, will preside over two Kaube Concert Grand Pianos.

Wednesday has been selected as Band Day, and already 22 Bands have notified the Committee of their intention to be present.

Excursion Tickets sold on all the Railroads leading to Selinsgrove.

Excellent accommodations at low rates at the Hotels or at private families.

Concerts will commence at 2 and 8 o'clock, P. M. Season Tickets $2.50 reserved seat. Single admission 50 cents. Reserved Seats 25 cents extra.

SPRING MILL ITEMS.

Decoration Day was a success here. The Veteran Club assisted by the Sunday Schools decorated in Georges Valley in the early morning, at Spring Mills in the forenoon and at Union in the afternoon. Prof. Krise spoke at Georges Valley, Prof. Wolfe at Spring Mills and Rev. B. Hengst at Union. All the addresses were of a high order.

The quarterly meeting on Sunday was interesting, and we trust not without profit. Presiding Elder McGarrah preached one of his able and characteristic sermons on Sunday morning. The childrens' meeting in the afternoon was a grand success. Addresses were delivered by Jacob Solt of Centre Hall, R. B. Hartman, of Millheim, and Rev. McGarrah, who all spoke of the good work accomplished by the Sunday School.

Summer came here on Mondey.

Jas. McClintic is going to build a new house here this summer.

What are the people going to do about celebrating the Glorious Fourth? It is about time to stir.

SAM PATCH.

Miscellaneous.

Ninety-three thousand acres of land were planted with timber in Kansas last year.

Memorialday seems to have been very generally observed throughout the entire country.

A lawful ton of coal, as decided by the United States Circuit Court, at Philadelphia, should weigh 2,240 pounds.

Gov. Curtin delivered his celebrated lecture on *Russia* at Tyrone on Monday evening last for the benefit of the Friendship Hook and Ladder Company of that place.

Mr. Gabriel Huntington of White Deer Twp., Union county, aged, 87 years, took his first ride on the cars on Tuesday of last week, when he boarded the train at Lewisburg for Millmont. He seems to be a jolly old lark and is, apparently, healthly.

The collection of United States revenue for the Ninth district, the main office of which is at Lancaster, for the month of May, was the largest ever known, amounting to $175,921.77, of which $152,348.60 was for cigars alone. This amount of tax represents the manfacture of over 50,000,000 cigars.

The miners' strike around Belleville, Illinois, columinated in riot and bloodshed last week. The miners' wives and daughters to the number of about three hundred kept possession of the mines and prevented work to go on. Governor Hamlinton ordered three companies of militia to the scene of the troubles. At Reinicke, a small station on the Louisville and Nashville R. R., the train stopped and Deputy Sheriff Anthony addressed the strikers from the platform of a car, and while so doing was shot at several times by the rioters who occupied a hill near by. Col. Barkley then ordered the soldiers to fire into the mob which they did with deadly effect. One man was killed and several severely wounded. The rioters dispersed but twenty-six of them were arrested and bound over. The military has left but twenty deputy sheriffs are now on guard.

Murdered Near Jersey Shore.

WILLIAMSPORT, May 27.—Samuel Cook, colored, living near Jersey Shore, was brought here this evening and lodged in jail, a Coroner's jury having pronounced him guilty of murdering Samuel Haunker on Friday last. Haunker was in Cook's employ. The dead man had apparently committed suicide by hanging, but the inquest revealed other injuries.

Driving Prisoners Crazy by Cruelty.

DENVER, May 28.—The penitentiary investigating committee created by the last Legislature has filled its report. The system of punishment is shown to be extremely cruel, in some cases resulting in insanity. The hose bath has been the favorite method of punishment. Victims are tied to a post and a stream of cold water from a half-inch nozzle at fifty pounds' pressure thrown in their faces for half an hour at a time, with only short intermissions to prevent their becoming insensible.

One of the Novelties of Texas Life.

From the Laredo Times.

Tuesday morning a man evidently a stranger in this part of the country, entered a saloon on Main street, threw down an American dollar and called for a drink. The bar-keeper waited on him and handed back a Mexican dollar. The man looked first at the dollar then at the bar-keeper, then in a tone of surprise he asked: "Is this all right stranger?" The barkeeper answered in the affirmative. The man gazed around in point-blank astonishment. "Is that the way you do business in this country?" he asked. Again he was answered in the affirmative. "Stranger," said the man, "I'm going to stay here. I've been hunting for this town, lo, these many years. This is the first place I ever saw where a man could swap dollars and get a drink to boot. I'm going to send for my family and all my brothers."

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old	1.10
" new, No. 2	95
" " No. 3	75
Corn	65
Rye	70
Oats White	
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.60
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl	1.50
Plaster, ground	9.50
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	8.50
Butter	20
Hams	17
Sides	13
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	16
Potatoes	60
Lard	15
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.25
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.40

A. HARTER,
Auctioneer,
MILLHEIM, PA.

W. J. SPRINGER,
Fashionable Barber,
Next Door to JOURNAL Store, Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. D. H. MINGLE,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,
Practical Dentist,
Office opposite the Millheim Banking House,
MAIN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA

ADAM HOY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Orphans' Court Business a Speciality.

WM. C. HEINLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts of Centre county. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bower.
ALEXANDER & BOWER,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Garman's new building.

J. A. Beaver. J. W. Gephart.
BEAVER & GEPHART,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, North of High Street

DR. GEO. S. FRANK,
Physician & Surgeon,
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Office in Mr. Philip Shook's residence, near the Spring Mills House.
Professional calls promptly answered. 3m

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT
The Millheim Journal Office.
Prompt and fine work at reasonable rates.

B. HARRIS,

——MARKET STREET,——
LEWISBURGH, PA.

ANOTHER BOOM

For Union and Centre Counties.

We have just bought for Cash the entire Stock of one of the largest Retail Stores in Central New York for about one quarter the value. The Stock consists in part as follows:

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

THE FINEST LINE OF HOSIERY EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE COUNTY.

Buttons, Gloves, Corsets, Ribbons, Pocket-Books, Hair Switches, Jewelry, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Infant's Robes, & Cloaks, Children's Dresses,

and an endless variety of other goods which we cannot enumerate, but will sell them equally as cheap as we bought them, and those who wish to get any of the above at about

ONE QUARTER THE VALUE

will please call early as they will be disposed of very quick.

WE ARE NO RECEIVING OUR USUAL STOCK OF

—SPRING MILLINERY,—

HATS AND BONNETS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

Dress Trimming and other Fancy Goods in endless variety at

B. HARRIS'

Market Street, Lewisburg, Pa.

BUY YOUR

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. KAMP'S

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

A. SIMON & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
keep the largest stock in the
143 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

GO TO
SIMON BROTHERS,
THE BOSS CLOTHIERS
for your Clothing.
45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

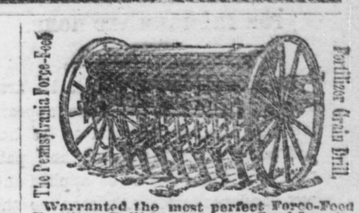
BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN,
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Room on First Floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the city.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND JAY STREETS,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.
S. WOODS CALDWELL
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor.

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, two doors east of the office occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings.

P. H. STOVER,
—DEALER IN—
Clover Seed, Flour & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt.
COBURN, PA.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.
A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price
Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.
The public patronage respectfully solicited. 3oly

D. H. LENKER,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE,
Aaronsburg, Penna.
Chamber Suits, Bureaus, Lounges, Bedsteads, Stands, Marble-Top Centre Tables, Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Sinks and all kinds of Kitchen Furniture, Cane or Wood Seat Chairs, Rockers, Spring Beds, Wire, Wool and Hair Matresses, every style of Mouldings for Picture Frames. Frames of any size made to order.
Undertaking a Speciality.
I keep a complete line of undertaker's goods always on hand.
A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. 50 6m



Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular. A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.
Address, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

STEAM ENGINES,
A. B. FARQUHAR, York Pa
Cheapest and best for all purposes—simple, strong and durable. SAW, GRIST MILLS AND MACHINERY generally. Inquiries promptly answered. Send for Illustrated Catalogue

Vertical Engines, with or without wheels, very convenient, economical and complete in every detail, best and cheapest Vertical in the world.
Fig. 1. Engine in use.
Fig. 2. Engine ready for use.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

THE FARQUHAR SEPARATOR
(Warranted.)

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works York, Pa.
Lightest draft and most simple, economical and perfect in use. Wastes no grain clean it ready for market.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

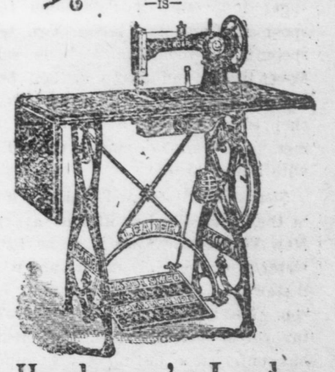
FARQUHAR KEYSTONE CORN PLANTER
Warranted the best corn dropper and most perfect force-feed fertilizer distributor in the world.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

THE BRADLEY
ROAD CART
A LIGHT RUNNING, EASY RIDING, PERFECTLY BALANCED
Two Wheeled Vehicle.
Thoroughly well made and sold at a Low Price.
ABOVE ILLUSTRATION REPRESENTS OUR No. 3 OR PARK CART.
THREE STYLES,
Weighing from 90 to 160 lbs. Prices from $50 to $80.
First-Class in every respect, and everybody likes them. Send for Illustrated Price List.
BRADLEY & CO.,
SYRACUSE, N. Y.
ESTABLISHED 1832.

TUTT'S PILLS
A NOTED DIVINE SAYS!
DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man; have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.
REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.
SYMPTOMS OF
A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fulness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.
IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a Healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price 25 Cents.
Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.
DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

THE WORLD'S LEADER
—IS—



Henderson's Leader.
IT IS NOT ONLY THE BEST-MADE, BUT IT IS THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING, QUIETEST AND SIMPLEST IN THE MARKET.
IT IS THE ACME OF PERFECTION IN WORKMANSHIP AND PRINCIPLE.
OUR MOTTO
PROTECTION TO DEALERS;
MAINTENANCE OF GOOD RETAIL PRICES;
NO PROMISCUOUS SCATTERING OF WHOLESALE PRICES.
Agents WANTED.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS
The Leader Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Treatment of Ringbone.

Ringbone is only curable in its first stages. As soon as the horse appears lame and the foot is found to be hot and tender about the coronet and pastern, cold water should be applied and wet bandages used. As soon as the heat is removed, blistering ointment should be used. Rest is indispensable. Two months may be required for successful treatment. When a ringbone is once formed it is past cure, as the bony deposit made around the joint cannot be removed. Lameness may be removed, but the enlargement cannot.

How to Make Cows Give Milk.

A writer in the *Southern Farmer* says that his cow gives all the milk that is wanted in a family of eight, and that from it, after taking all that is required for other purposes, 260 pounds of butter were made this year. This is in part his treatment of the cow. If you desire to get a large yield of rich milk give your cows every day water slightly warmed and slightly salted, in which bran has been stirred at the rate of one quart to two gallons of water. You will find, if you have not tried this daily practice, that your cow will give twenty-five per cent. more milk immediately under the effects of it, and she will become so attached to the diet as to refuse to drink clear water unless very thirsty. But this mess she will drink almost any time and ask for more. The amount of this drink necessary is an ordinary water pail at a time, morning, noon and night.

Give Chickens Range.

Young chicks will do much better with liberty than without it. Sitting hens are very liable to be more or less infested with lice. These, of course, will cover the chickens almost as soon as hatched, unless great care is taken to clear them out. Given a large brood, with hens confined in a small coop, and the chances are greatly against the chickens.

Moving the coop daily helps the matter greatly, as when the coop remains long on the same ground the vermin will infest that also, and swarm over the chicks at night.

If possible, give the hen a free run about the grounds; but if your inclosure is limited, give her as much as possible. The feed you give young chicks is all needed by them for their rapid growth, but if they are obliged to sustain vermin in addition, the growth will be slow and liability to disease augmented.

If your garden plot is inclosed, put your coops up near the fence, so that the young chicks will naturally run through the small openings, and they will wage a busy warfare on the insects which would do great damage if left to themselves in that garden. The old hen getting worried about their absence, or hearing the commotion as they run down some nimble-winged butterfly or cabbage miller, will call them to her coop often enough to keep quite large chicks from doing any real damage to the vegetables. Keep the hens confined and let the chicks roam, for remember it is "the old scratch" that does the mischief. Fowls are active and willing workers but you must place them in the position where they can be most serviceable in destroying insects and larvæ. Misdirected energy is productive of quite as much evil as lack of force.—*Poultry World.*

Receipts.

Tomato Sauce.—A quart of tomatoes, a slice of onion and half a dozen cloves. Cook ten minutes. Put into a frying pan two spoonfuls of butter heat and stir in two spoonfuls of flour. Stir until smooth and brown. Add the tomato, cook two minutes longer, season with salt and pepper and pass through a fine strainer. Excellent with roast or broiled meat.

Suet Pudding.—Chop fine one cup of raisins and one-half cup of suet (one cup, if wanted very rich), add two cups of sweet milk, one cup of sugar, four cups of flour, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, two teaspoonfuls of soda, and a little salt. Cover tightly and steam or boil two hours. Leave room to swell. Pork chopped very fine, or a little less in measure of pork fat, may be used. Eat with liquid sauce.

Stewed Veal.—Stewed veal need not be the tasteless dish it often is, says the New York *Post*. Cook it in as little water as will possibly answer, and with it stew a few thin slices of ham or bacon. Nicely-cured bacon is one of the luxuries of modern civilization. Science has conferred a lasting benefit upon the world by teaching the farmer to feed his pigs in such a way that the result may be traced in slices of fine-grained fat with little strips of lean. This is the kind of bacon one should look for when marketing.

Fish Sauce.—A good fish sauce is made of half a cup of vinegar, half a cup of water, the yelks of one or two eggs, a table-spoonful of butter, a third of a tea-spoonful of ground mustard, and half a tea-spoonful of cornstarch, a little sugar, pepper and salt. Stir the lumps from the mustard and cornstarch when mixed with the vinegar, beat it gradually, and let it boil for about one minute. This may be used cold, on canned salmon or lobster; it will need a little more vinegar in that case to thin it. It may also be used in making a salad with lettuce. If possible, substitute fresh, white mustard leaves for the ground mustard.

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Twice as many men as women die of pneumonia.

A canvass of the American trades shows that American apprentices only predominate in machine shops and printing offices.

Three factories in the United States consume nearly two million eggs a year in making a peculiar kind of paper used by photographers.

Tomatoes, not many generations ago, were known as love apples and considered poisonous. Last fall there were 52,822,052 cans of tomatoes put up by the canning establishments of the United States.

Alligators, writes Dr. Henshall to the *Forest and Stream*, may be partially tamed. When he talks to them they rise to their feet and keep up a constant hissing and whishing of tails, as if they liked to be talked to. Dr. Romanes mentions a similar fact in regard to them.

Samuel Howard, of Mount Sterling, Ky., recently chopped down a big black locust tree, in the hollow of which grew another tree of a different kind which was ten inches in diameter and twenty feet in hight. It had grown in perfect darkness, as there was no opening in the locust.

In the Northern Pacific swims a fish which explorers of the northwest coast call the ortolan of the sea. It is the fattest of all fish, and if a dried specimen is taken, all that has to be done is to light the head of the fish; holding it upright, and it blazes away like a sperm candle, giving light without smoke or smell. The Indians call it the oolachan.

On some statues of the fifteenth century buttons appear enriched with pearls and precious stones, which corroborates several entries in inventories of regal expenses about that date—as, for example, one in the royal accounts drawn up in 1349 of King Edward III: "For a gold case of twenty-five buttons, each button consisting of four pearls, with a diamond in the center, bought from Symon de Dampmart."

A School on the Pacific Slope.

The school was in a rough boarded room which had been originally built for a store. The hats, bonnets, books and slates were piled on the shelves and the thirty children sat on high benches, their feet swinging clear of the floor. There was not a robust or healthy-faced child in the room, and their thin, pale cheeks were a sad commentary on the condition of their lives. Later in the day, as I walked from home to home, and saw everywhere slow, trickling streams of filthy water, blue, iridescent and foul-odored, I wondered not that the children were pale, but that they were alive. The history class were reciting a memorized list of "epochs" when I went in. They had them at their tongues' ends. I suggested to the teacher to ask them what the word epoch meant. Blank dismay spread over their faces. One girl alone made answer. She was an Indian, or perhaps half-breed, fourteen years of age; the healthiest child and best scholar in the school, the teacher said. "The time between" was her prompt definition of the word epoch given with a twinkle in her eye of evident amusement that the rest did not know what it meant. The first class in reading then read from the Fourth Independent Reader, in stentorian voices, Trowbridge's poem of "The Wonderful Sack." The effect of slight changes of a single letter here and there was most ludicrously illustrated by one sturdy little chap's delivery of the lines:

His limbs were strong,
His beard was long.

With loud and enthusiastic emphasis he read them:

His lambs were strong,
His bread was long.

Not a member of the class changed countenance or gave any signs of disagreeing with his interpretation of the text; and the teacher, being engaged in herculean efforts to keep the poor little primary bench still, failed to hear the lines.—*Atlantic Monthly.*

Organs in History.

In the Bible the organ is mentioned eighteen different times. It is, however, obvious that this instrument was very small, and capable of being carried about. Organs are also mentioned by Pindar five hundred years before the Christian era. The first mention we have of an organ, which must have been a large instrument, is one that is said to have been given to Charlemagne, and is reported to have made "a noise like thunder." The earliest organ mentioned as having existed in England was at Westminster abbey, where there was one in the tenth century. The first organ erected in Paris was at the church of St. Severin, in the year 1358, though they had been introduced into France as early as the third century. In the year 1463 the cathedral church of Toulouse had five organs, all on the rood-screen, which shows that even up to that period the instruments were generally small. The earliest organs now existing date only from the end of the fifteenth or commencement of the sixteenth century. Several in French and German cathedrals are of this date.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, June 3.—After the fete at Petroffsky Park, at Moscow yesterday the Emperor invited the elders and marshals of the provincial nobility to a dinner and addressed them, thanking them for their loyalty. He said it must be understood that the rights of property are unassailable.

The revolutionists now completely surround Guayaquil, and communication can only be held through the lower part of the river. The first shots were exchanged on the night of the 22d, and it is believed the city will be taken within a week.

The Paris *Voltaire* says that the French commander in Madagascar has been instructed to withdraw his forces from that country only after Queen Ranvato has recognized the French protectorate specified by the treatise of 1840 and 1841.

The promoters of the Parnell fund hope to raise the amount to £30,000, of which sum the United States is to furnish one half.

Mr. McCoan has withdrawn from the Parnell party, owing to Mr. Parnell's action in the recent McCoan O'Kelly affair.

Alberto Mario, the trusted friend of Garibaldi, died at Lendinari yesterday.

A heavy rain fell at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on Friday evening, flooding all that part of the city lying between the bluffs and Broadway. Seven iron bridges and two stone culverts were swept away. Indian creek, which runs through the city, swelled to the proportions of a river in a few minutes, and many houses were invaded by the water so suddenly that the inmates barely escaped drowning. As far as known, no lives were lost. The damage to property is estimated at $300,000. The walls of the new opera house, now in course of erection were undermined, and must be taken down. A man named Covalt was carried down the creek, but lodged in the branches of a tree and was rescued.

Over 100 pledged pension certificates were voluntarily returned to the Philadelphia pension agent by pawnbrokers and saloonkeepers, making over 700 returned. It is the intention of Gen. Sickel, the pension agent, to criminally prosecute all persons who persist in holding the papers as collateral.

An abstract of the special report of Mr. Burchard, director of the mint, upon the production of the precious metals in the United States, shows that the yield of the mines of the United States for 1882 was $32,500,000 in gold and $46,800,000 in silver.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, June 1.—An account of the slaughter of Captain Riviere and his men in Harol is published in Paris.

A committee of Irish women has appealed to Mr. Gladstone for a commutation of the sentences of Caffrey and Kelly, two of the condemned Phœnix Park murderers.

It is reported that the German ministry has decided to take the regulation of church matters into its own hands.

The Vatican has abandoned the hope of establishing diplomatic relations with England.

Chinese vessels built at Kiel will sail with a supply of torpedos for China next week.

LONDON, May 31—The grand jury in London has found true bills against Dr. Gallagher and the other alleged dynamite conspir- treason-felony.

It is said Mr. Gladstone rejected the Duke of Albany's proposition to be Governor-General of Canada on account of his youth.

Fighting has been renewed with disastrous results between the forces of the Ameer of Afghanistan and the Shinwarris.

Vice President Blanchard, of the Erie Railway, has given his opinion in favor of the English Channel tunnel.

It is reported that the King of Annam will be held responsible by the French for the recent hostilities near Haoni.

The manifesto by the Czar is said to have created an unfavorable impression in St. Petersburg.

The directors of the Maryland Central Railroad Company held a meting at North-Avenue Station yesterday and further considered the possibility of floating the proposed second mortgage loan and the extention of the road to its terminal point at Delta. The track is expected to reach Belair June 10, and by the 15th the road will be in running order to that point.

Capt. Geo. N. Mittnacht, a pension, lawyer, has been indicted by the United States grand jury in New York for alleged attempt to defraud the pension fund by getting a woman to personate the widow of a deceased officer of the late war.

The public debt statement issued yesterday shows the decrease of the public debt during the month of May to be $4,890,476.60.

During the month of May 127,000 acres of Mississippi land was entered, costing about $150,000, and there is still a great demand.

Advices from San Carlos state that Luco's wife, son, son-in-law, daughter and grandchildaen, with fourteen women and six bucks, have surrendered to the military authorities near San Carlos. The Indians are direct from Mexico, and report that all the hostiles are ready and anxious to surrender, so that a speedy ending of the Indian war in Mexico and the return of Gen. Crook to Arizona is anticipated.

J. W. Mobley, agent of the Texas Express Company, and John Reeves, a passenger on a Texas-Pacific train, got into a dispute at Baird's Station, and Reeves shot Mobely. A bystander named Davenport was wounded by one of the shots fired.

The body of Wm. Lenders, a rich Phiadelphian, who disappeared a few days ago, has been found in Gulph creek six miles from Hot Springs, Ark. On his person were $3 in cash and $800 worth of diamonds.

Gen. G. P. Buell, United States army, died yesterday at his residence, near Nashville, Tenn., from the effects of an operation performed on his jaw some three weeks, ago, complicated with heart disease.

A preacher named Byard has been tarred and feathered by a mob at Franklin, Nebraska, for beating his daughter, who had informed her mother of his relations with other women.

Bartholomew Nealon, in a fit of drunken passion, cut his wife's throat at their home, in Boston and then went to his father's house and cut his own throat.

The steamer City of Tokio, which arrived at San Francisco recently, brought 966 cases of opium, the duty on which amounted to nearly $238,000.

The board of overseers of Harvard College, by a vote of 11 to 15, refused to confer the degree of doctor of laws on Governor Butler.

Geisen's brewery at Canton, Ohio, has been burned. Loss $30,000.

Ed. Buckley, wool dealer, San Antonio, made an assignment. Liabilities, $200,000; assets, $150,000. The alleged cause is shrinkage in the price of wool.

Strawberries are now so plentiful in Charleston, S. C., that farmers are giving them away to anybody who will take the trouble to pick them.

Judge Mitler, of Montgomery, has refused liquor licenses to all applicants, and no liquor will be sold in that country this year.

During the performance at the Academy of Music, at Pittsburg, an unknown man who under the influence of liquor was mesmerized by Kennedy Bros., and at the conclusion of their act they were unable to restore him to consciousness. Several physicians were called in, but up to midnight all efforts to revive him were unsuccessful.

The net earnings for the past year of the Clifton cotton factory at Clifton, S. C., in which several Baltimore firms are stockholders, were 16 per cent. During the year dividends aggregating 8 per cent. were paid, and the balance put aside for improvement purposes, including the building of comfortable homes for the employes.

John M. Wort, foreman of the Fort Wayne (Indina) Gas Company, entered a small brick structure containing the main gas meter yesterday, with a lighted match. The explosion blew the building to attoms, and shook houses half a mile distant. Wort received fatal injuries.

The iron manufacturers of Pittsburg charg that the action of the Amalgamation Association in demanding the restoration of the scale of 1881 in the Cincinnati district is a breach of faith, and will solidify the manufacturers' ranks. They also declare that in the strike they will assume the offensive, instead of the defensive, as heretofnre, and that the resu t will certainly be a large increase in the number of non-union mills, if not the complete annihilation of the Amalgamated Association.

The new water-works at Knoxville, Tenn., have just been completed, at a cost of $150,000. Water was turned into the mains when the bottom dropped out of one of the reservoirs, and 100,000 gallons of water disappeared in five minutes. The reservoir was built on top of a cave, whose exis ence was not suspected until it swallowed up the water.

Pennsylvania Notes.

Ex-Chief Justice George Sharswood died at his residence in Philadelphia, age 72 years.

Peter Straus, a young woodman, near Meckville, Pa., died a terrible death Sunday, the result either of a snake's or a black spider's bite. His body was fearfully swollen and discolored. His teeth dropped out and his throat and mouth became gangrenous. He was in perfect health before his misfortune. He died in spasms as if he had been bitten by a rabid animal.

James McHenry, one of England's great speculators, has lately been judged a bankrupt by the English courts. Mr. McHenry once owned immense tracts of land in Centre Clinton and Clearfield counties, Pa.

Mr. W. M. Singerly, proprietor of the Philadelphia *Record*, has a dairy of sixty-five cows on his farm in Montgomery county Pa., and sends 1,000 pounds of milk daily to a creamery.

At Montgomery, Pa., the saw mill of John Johnson, with ninety tons of bark, the store and dwelling of J. F. Derr, the saddle shop of Edward Felsburg and the shoe shop of J. E. Lloyd, were destroyed by fire. The losses have not been ascertained. Johnson has no insurance on his property. The other buildings were partially insured.

The Pennsylvania prohibition home-protection convention, in Pittsburg, yesterday nominated Ira E. Howard, of Franklin, Venango county, for Governor.

In the House of Representatives Pennsylvania Legislature the free oil-pipe bill was defeated for want of a constitutional majority. The Senate bill declaring that no insurance policy shall be forfeited while there are unlimited premiums to meet paymenis, and making policies incontestible after two years, passed fina ly.

The signing of the scale of wages by the iron manufacturers at Pittsburg caused great rejoicing among all classes in that city. Most of the mills have shut down til Monday to allow employes to attend the annual picnic of the Amalgamated Association at Beaver, Pa.

Mrs. Susan E Douglas, aged 27 years residing at Huntsville, Cumberland county, during the absence of her husband, cut the throats of her three children—George, aged 5; William F., aged 3½, and H. A., aged 1 year—and then killed herself. All were found dead.

After a struggle of about thirteen years the friends of a free pipe bill won a victory in the Legislature. The bill grants unlimited powers.

William S. Harris, formerly a wealthy merchant and banker of Pittsburg, committed suicide in Louiville Friday. He had lost his fortune in speculation.

Washington Notes.

Bowen, the ex-detective of the Department of Justice, whose unsavory performances brought such discredit on those who employed him, and who was indicted for attempting to bribe a star-route juror, forfeited his bail bond.

The unveiling of the monument to John Howard Payne, at Oak Hill Cemetery, on June 9, will be accompanied by appropriate ceremonies.

Captain Hosea Ballou, aged 90 years, the oldest Free Mason in the United States, died of senie debility.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR—City Mills extra	$4 25	@	5 00
WHEAT—Southern Fultz	1 22	@	1 23
CORN—Southern white	63	@	64
Do yellow	65	@	66
RYE—Good	68	@	70
OATS—Maryland	50	@	52
COTTON—Middling	10½	@	10¾
Good ordinary	9	@	9⅛
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timot'y	17 00	@	18 00
STRAW—Wheat	8 00	@	10 00
BUTTER—Western prime	22	@	23
West Virginia	20	@	21
CHEESE—New York State choice	13	@	14
Western prime	12	@	13
EGGS	17	@	18
CATTLE	6 75	@	7 00
SWINE	9	@	10¾
SHEEP AND LAMBS	5	@	8½
TOBACCO LEAF—Inferior	1 50	@	2 00
Good common	3 00	@	4 50
Middling	6 00	@	8 00
Good to fine red	8 50	@	10 00
Fancy	1000	@	14 00

NEW YORK.

COTTON—Middling upland	10	@	11
FLOUR—Southern com. to fair extra	4 30	@	5 20
WHEAT—No. 1 white	1 24	@	1 25
RYE—State	74	@	78
CORN—Southern Yellow	68	@	70
OATS—White State	45	@	46
BUTTER—State	15	@	21
CHEESE—State	9	@	12
EGGS	20	@	28

PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR—Penna. fancy	4 75	@	5 10
HEAT—Pa. and Southern	1 24	@	1 25
RYE—Pennsylvania	70	@	72
CORN—Southern yellow	64	@	65
OATS	49	@	50
BUTTER—State	20	@	25
EGGS—State	15	@	17

Aaron Burr's Pistols.

Some weeks ago the writer ran across perhaps the most famous and fatal fire-arms on this continent—the superb dueling pistols of Aaron Burr. They are a bone-breaking brace of the first caliber, and the property of Captain Brent Hopkins. One of these pistols fired the ball that killed Alexander Hamilton of Weehawken. It is identified by a long, deep notch indented on the handle. The pistols were made by Mortimer of London, England, and were imported by Burr at the close of the Revolutionary war. The barrels are thirteen inches long and carry an ounce ball. They are flint locks, and the pans for the priming are lined with gold, and the touchholes are brushed with the same metal. They are hair triggers, and shoot with great force and accuracy. The locks are very superior and of exquisite mechanism. The pair came into the possession of Captain Brent Hopkins, the present owner, through his uncle, Captain Sam Goode Hopkins of the forty-second regiment of United States dragoons, who purchased them from Burr in Washington city in the winter of 1813 or 1814, paying $500 in gold for them. Burr remarked at the time he would not let any one else have the pistols, as he had used them with Hamilton.

The weapons have surely a blood-stained history. They have been used with falal effect in eleven duels. Among the sanguinary combats, Pettis of Virginia, killed Biddle on Bloody Island, near St. Louis; Edward Towns of Virginia, killed a Frenchman near New Orleans; Captain Sam Goode Hopkins, killed a Spanish count near Madrid, Mo.; Hugh Brent killed a man from Georgia on Diamond island near Henderson, Ky. They were used several times in Virginia, twice in South Carolina, and more than once in Kentucky with deadly effect. Robert Triplett of Owensboro shot the old lawyer, Phil Thompson, through and through with one of them, but, strange to say, Thompson recovered, and grew as fat as a bear. Henry Clay and Capt. Hopkins were fast friends, and the former was to have used the pistols in one of his duels, but they arrived a day too late.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.:

I had a serious disease of the lungs, and was for a time confined to my bed and under the care of a physician. His prescriptions did not help me. I grew worse, coughing very severely. I commenced taking your "Golden Medical Discovery," and it cured me. Yours respectfully,

JUDITH BURDETT, Hillsdale, Mich.

A father remonstrated with his son, an Arkansas collegian, for wasting his time in writing stories for local papers, and cited Dr. Johnson as saying that a man who wrote except for money is a fool. The son wrote back: "I shall follow Johnson's advice and write for money. Please send me $50."

"MADE NEW AGAIN."

Mrs. Wm. Ryckman, St. Catherines, Ont., "R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., I have used your 'Favorite Prescription,' 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Purgative Pellets,' for the last three months and find myself—(what shall say)—*'made new again'* are the only words that express it. I was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk across the floor without fainting, could keep nothing in the shape of food on my stomach. Myself and friends had given all hope, my immediate death seemed certain. I now live (to the surprise of everybody) and am able to do my own work."

Some one has been swindling actors in New York. The man who would swindle an actor is almost as mean as the man who would take advantage of an editor.

Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pillets" are preventives of constipation. Inclosed in glass bottles, always fresh. By all druggists.

It is said that buttons with the photograph of a different admirer cast on each are worn by some belles.

Ladies and all sufferers from neuralgia, hysteria and all kindred complaints, will find without a rival Brown's Iron Bitters.

It is estimated that the pawnbrokers of New York collectively have fully $20,000,000 of pledges in their possession.

FARMINGTON, Ill.—Dr. M. T. Gamble says: "I prescribe Brown's Iron Bitters in my practice, and it gives satisfaction."

In answer to the question, "What is fame?" a Kentucky paper replies that it is a word of four letters, and that is about all it is.

FORT STEVENSON, Dak. Ter.—Rev. James McCarty says: "Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of severe dyspepsia."

"Dear" means beloved, also expensive. How often the two meanings are combined in one woman!

Skinny Men.

Wells' Health Renewer restores health, vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1.

The ancients were acquainted with the virtues of Petroleum. Herodotus refers to it and speaks of wells being found in Zante. Nowadays everybody has heard of it through Carboline, the great natural Hair Restorer.

For Thick Heads.

Heavy stomachs, billious conditions—Wells' MayApplePills—antibilious, cathartic. 10 2 5c.

Gastrine.

The increasing demand for this preparation as a household remedy for indigestion and dyspepsia is sufficient proof of its efficacy.

Don't Die in the House.

'Rough on Rats.' Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bedbugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers, 15c.

Nothing is uglier than crooked boots! straighten them with Lyon's Heel Stiffeners.

Why don't you use St. Patrick's Salve? Try it. Use it. 25c. at all druggists.

Little troubles wear out the heart, even as the minute pebbles cut the sole of the shoe.

The Conflict of the Races

Between disease and health is often brief and fatal. It is better to be provided with cheap and simple remedies for such common disorders as coughs, colds, etc., than to run the risk of contracting a fatal disease through neglect. Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam is a sure and safe remedy for all diseases of the lungs and chest. If taken in season it is certain to cure, and may save you from that terrible disease, Consumption. It has been known and used for many years in America, and it is no exaggeration to say that it is the best remedy in the world for Coughs, etc. Ask for Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and take no other. Sold by all Druggists.

A young man in Boston calles his sweetheart "Rare Opportunity because she is worthy of being embraced.

CONSUMPTION

My newly discovered Treatment *never fails* to effect a *speedy and permanent cure*. Give full particulars of case. Address Prof. M. L. NOBLE, Santa Clara, Santa Clara Co., California.

NO PAY UNTIL CURED.

CUT THIS OUT And Return to us, with TEN Cents, and you'll receive by mail, a Golden Box of Goods, that will bring you in more money in One Month than anything else in America. Absolute Certainty. M. Young, 173 Greenwich St., New York.

$64 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

Our Reporter's Vacation Notes.

During his rambles this season, our Mr. M. has taken upon himself the task of satisfying our numerous readers that whatever goods are manufactured in our goodly city of Roger Williams, are of as high a grade and as fine in quality as can be produced in any spot on the globe. Especially is this so when the skilled Pharmacist of many years' experience resolves to extract from the finest botanical specimens of the vegetable world the most potent cure for some special disease. In proof of his assertion that Providence, R. I., affords the best, he relates an interview with an acquaintance, given him while sojourning temporarily at her residence. She says: "About a year I suffered severely with Rheumatism in my limbs, and Neuralgia in the head, which I endured two or three months with as much patience as possible, being under the treatment of an excellent doctor, and trying many kinds of medicine without any marked effect. At last a medical friend advised me to try Hunt's Remedy, because he attributed my severe suffering to the bad condition of my kidneys, which were not performing their proper functions, and I commenced taking it, and in a few days the neuralgia had departed, my headache had entirely disappeared, the swelling in my limbs and joints had gone, and I have not had a touch of it since. More recently I was troubled with impurity of the blood, which showed itself in severe eruptions on my face. I again resorted to Hunt's Remedy, and after taking it a short time was completely cured of that complaint. Hunt's Remedy has proved very beneficial to me in attacks of sick headache, which it always alleviates, and I notice the improvement as soon as I take the Remedy. This Remedy has strengthening elements, for it has made me feel much stronger, and has been very beneficial to my general health. I most heartily recommend it to all sufferers like myself. MRS. L. G. TANNER, No. 136 Pearl Street."

Great Praise.

ALBERT G. MANN, of Cottage Home, Ill., says: "I have been prostrated for three or more years with kidney disease; at times I was not able to put on my boots; my wife has often pulled them on for me. I was not so bad as that all the time, but I never knew what it was to be without pain in my back until I commenced using Hunt's Remedy. Since I began to take Hunt's Remedy I have been free from all pain and take pleasure in saying that it is the best medicine that I ever knew for Kidney and Liver diseases."

Advertising Cheats!!!

"It has become so common to write the beginning of an article in an elegant, interesting manner,

"Then run it into some advertisement, that we avoid all such,

"And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible,

"To induce people

"To give them one trial, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else."

"THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers,

"Religious and secular, is

"Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines.

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness

"And ability

"In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation."

Did She Die?

"No!"

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years,"

"The doctors doing her no good;"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery,

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and nervous debility,

"Under the care of the best physicians,

"Who gave her disease various names,

"But no relief,

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it."—THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

My daughters say:

"How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters."

"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable."

"And we are so glad that he used your Bitters."—A LADY of Utica, N. Y.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

There has never been an instance in which this sterling invigorant and antifebrile medicine has failed to ward off the complaint, when taken duly as a protection against miasma. Hundreds of physicians have abandoned all the official specifics, and now prescribe this harmless vegetable tonic for chills and fever, as well as dyspepsia and nervous affections. Hostetters Bitters is the specific you need. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the world. Get the genuine. Every package has our trade-mark and is marked Frazer's. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass TARE BEAM. JONES, HE PAYS THE FREIGHT. Sold on trial. Warrants 5 years. All sizes as low. For free book, address

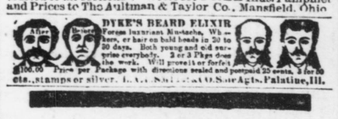
JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

OPIUM HABIT Cured Painlessly.

The Medicine sold for a small margin above the cost of compounding. All cases treated by special prescription. For full particulars address the Discoverer, DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Ind.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 25 | 001

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST." ENGINES, Horse Powers THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Clover Hullers (Suited to all sections.) Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio



DYKE'S BEARD ELIXIR Forces luxuriant Mustache, Whiskers or hair on bald heads in 20 to 30 days. Both young and old use it with certainty. 3 or 5 Pkgs does the work. Will prevent or forfeit $100.00. Price per Package with directions sealed and postpaid 25 cents. 3 for 50 cts., stamps or silver. Address Dyke & Co., Druggists, Palatine, Ill.

An Open Secret.

The fact is well understood that the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT is by far the best external known for man or beast. The reason why becomes an "open secret" when we explain that "Mustang" penetrates skin, flesh and muscle to the very bone, removing all disease and soreness. No other liniment does this, hence none other is so largely used or does such worlds of good.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston Globe.]

Messrs. Editors:—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

BNU 22

UNIVERSAL TESTIMONY

—IN FAVOR OF—

"KIDNEY-WORT."

THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR KIDNEY DISEASE, LIVER TROUBLES, MALARIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, LADIES' WEAKNESSES, AND RHEUMATISM.

TERRIBLE KIDNEY DISEASE.

"Mrs. Hodges says I cannot too highly praise Kidney Wort," says Mr. Sam Hodges, Williamstown, W. Va. "*It cured* my terrible kidney disease. My wife had to turn me over in the bed, before using it."

SEVERE KIDNEY DISEASE.

"I was *entirely cured*," recently said Mr. N. Burdick, of the Chicopee Box Co., Springfield, Mass., "of severe kidney disease by using Kidney-Wort."

COULD NOT WORK BEFORE.

"I've had no pains since I was *cured* by Kidney-Wort," said Mr. Jas. C. Hurd, of the Chicopee Box Co., Springfield, Mass. "I couldn't work before using it, so great were my kidney difficulties."

KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES.

"Several doctors failed," writes N. Steepy, Alleghany City, Pa., "but Kidney-Wort *cured* my kidney and liver troubles of two years' standing."

KIDNEY COMPLAINT AND DIABETES.

"For six years," says Engineer W. H. Thompson, of C. M. & St. Paul R. R., "I had kidney complaints and diabetes. Kidney-Wort has *entirely cured me*."

IT HAS DONE WONDERS.

"I can recommend Kidney-Wort to all the world," writes J. K. Bingamon, Crestline, O. "*It has done wonders* for me and many others troubled with kidney and liver disorders."

Constipation, Piles and Rheumatism.

"I have found in my practice that Constipation and Piles in all forms, as well as Rheumatic affections, yield readily to Kidney-Wort."—Philip C. Ballou, M. D., Monkton, Vt.

PILES SIXTEEN YEARS.

"Kidney-Wort is a medicine of priceless value. I had Piles for sixteen consecutive years. It cured me."—Nelson Fairchilds, St. Albans, Vt.

GRAVEL, PERMANENT RELIEF.

"I have used Kidney-Wort for gravel," recently wrote Jas. F. Reed, of North Acton, Me., "and *it gave me permanent relief*."

TWENTY YEARS' KIDNEY DISEASE.

"I had kidney disease for twenty years," writes C. P. Brown, of Westport, N. Y. "I could scarcely walk, and could no work. I devoutly thank God that Kidney-Wort has *entirely cured me*."

A GREAT BLESSING for RHEUMATISM.

"It is, thanks to kind Providence, a *great temporal blessing*," truly remarks Wm. Ellis, of Evans, Colorado. The gentleman referred to Kidney-Wort, and its magical curative properties, in cases of rheumatism and kidney trouble.

RHEUMATISM ON THE BENCH.

A priceless jewel. J. G. Jewell, a Judge at Woodbury, Vt., says: "Kidney-Wort *cured* my rheumatism. Nothing else would do it."

PILES.

From Nantucket, Mass., Mr. Wm. H. Chadwick writes: "Kidney-Wort *works promptly and efficiently* in cases of Piles as well as kidney troubles. It's a most excellent medicine."

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